



ELECTRIC POWER
RESEARCH INSTITUTE

PROJECT 2X to 2050

Accelerating the Clean Energy Transition
Reliably and Affordably

Katie Jereza

Director, External Relations



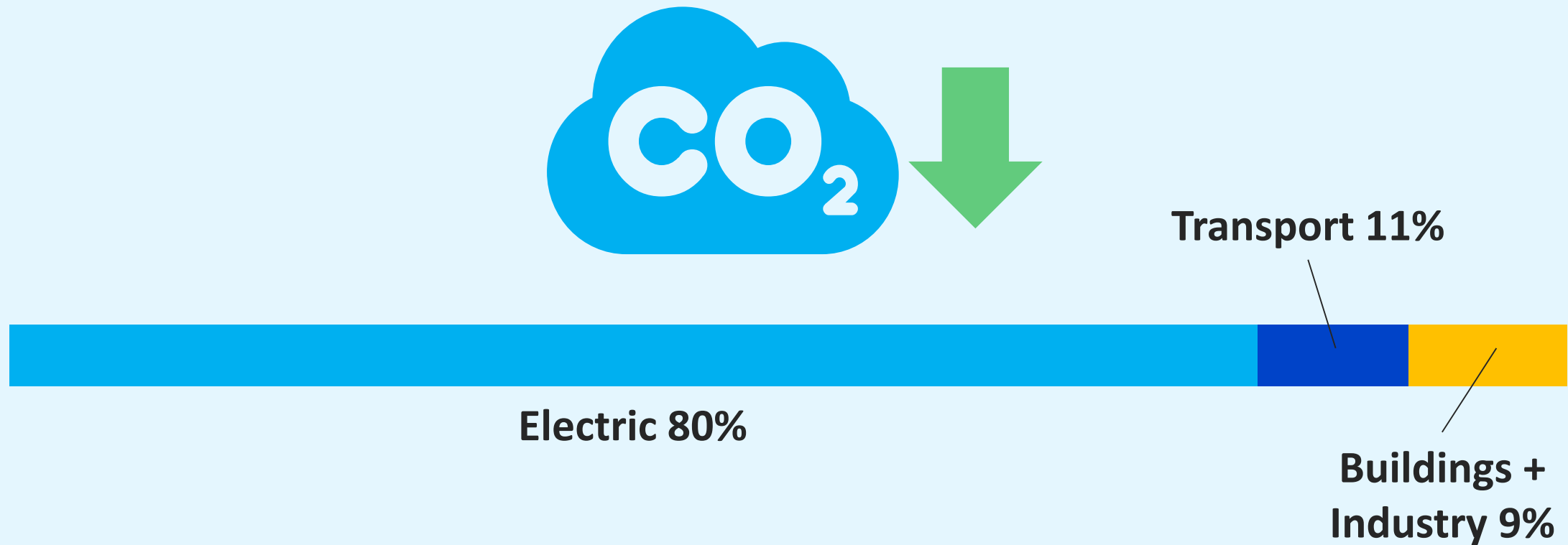
Project 2X – Examining Pathways to CO₂ Reduction



While Global CO₂ Emissions Rose Since 2005, 36 Nations Reduced Emissions

U.S. = 44% of Global CO₂ Reductions¹

Electric Sector = 80% of U.S. CO₂ Reductions²



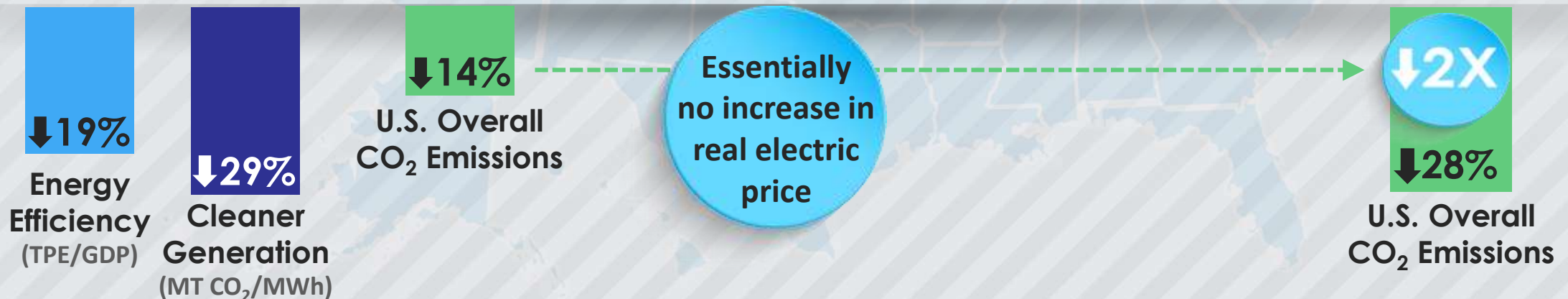
¹ BP Statistical Review of World Energy, June 2018

² EIA Monthly Energy Review, Feb 2019

Project 2X – Examining Pathways to CO₂ Reduction



2005 -----> TODAY -----> 2030 > 20



Electrification of Vehicles Reduces Emissions and Energy Costs



Household with 2 Gasoline Vehicles

Expenses:



Gasoline



Electricity



Natural Gas

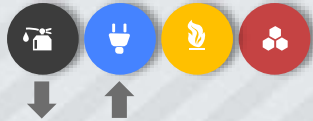


Other

Average Energy Bill:	\$4,528/year
Average CO ₂ Emissions:	18 tCO ₂ /year



Household with 1 Gasoline Vehicle and 1 Electric Vehicle



Average Energy Bill:

\$4,050/year

11%

Average CO₂ Emissions:

15 tCO₂/year

17%

Average Energy Bill:

\$3,571/year

21%

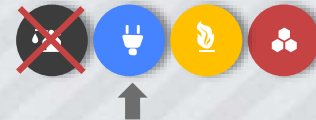
Average CO₂ Emissions:

12 tCO₂/year

34%



Household with 2 Electric Vehicles



Based on data from Energy Information Administration (EIA). The average U.S. household has 2.1 vehicles and 26,000 vehicle miles.

Key to Lower Carbon: Expanded Charging Infrastructure to Support EV Adoption

160,000 gas stations



The Utility's Role

- Charge-ready grid infrastructure and charging stations
- Rates to incentivize EV smart charging
- Energy storage infrastructure for fast charging



Level 2 Stations
(Workplace and Public)



Fast Charging Stations



2018-2030 Estimated installation cost of public and workplace charging infrastructure:

\$4B-\$30B

*Projections based on U.S. DOE Alternative Fuels Data Center EVI-Pro Lite tool and EPRI USNEA Progressive scenario

Key to Lower Carbon: Grid Flexibility

Many drivers and potential uses for 2-4 hour flexibility resource:

- System capacity and energy value
- Integration with renewable generation or EV fast charging
- Ancillary services
- Customer-side applications, e.g., reliability or demand shifting
- State and Federal mandates/incentives

Estimate of Grid Flexibility Needs Based on Capacity and Energy Value (GW)

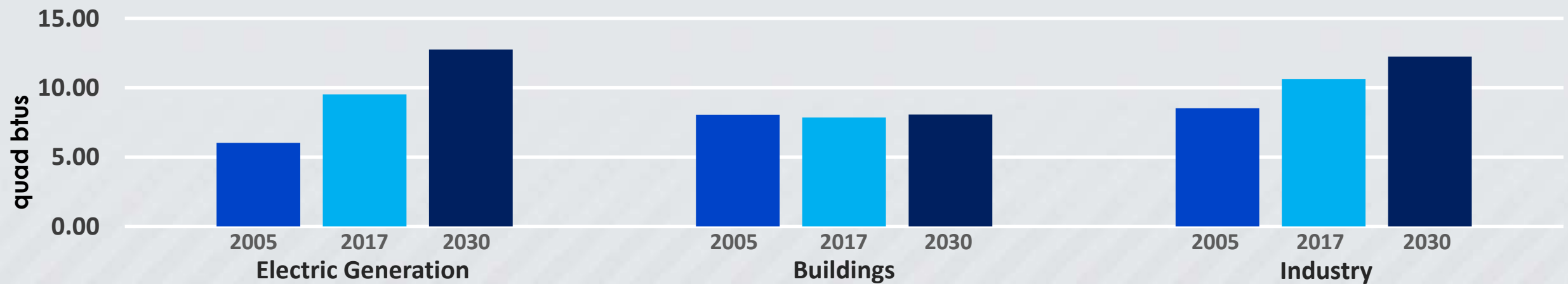


Energy Storage & Active Demand Management Key Resource for Grid Flexibility

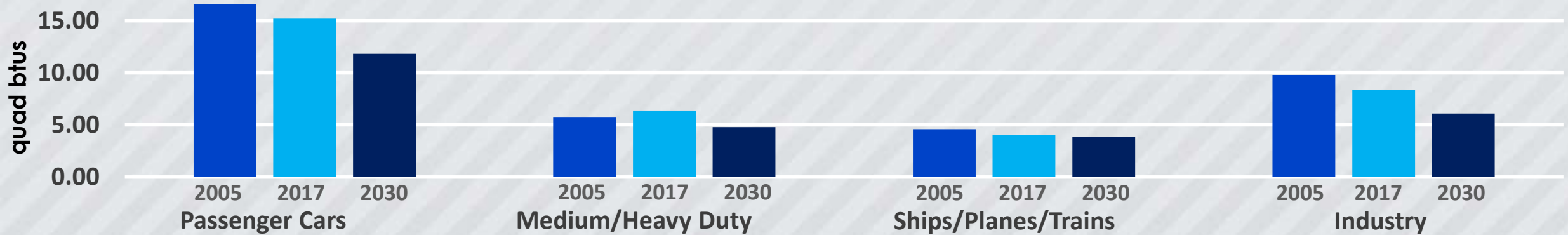
2030 Reality: Projected Natural Gas and Petroleum use in 2030



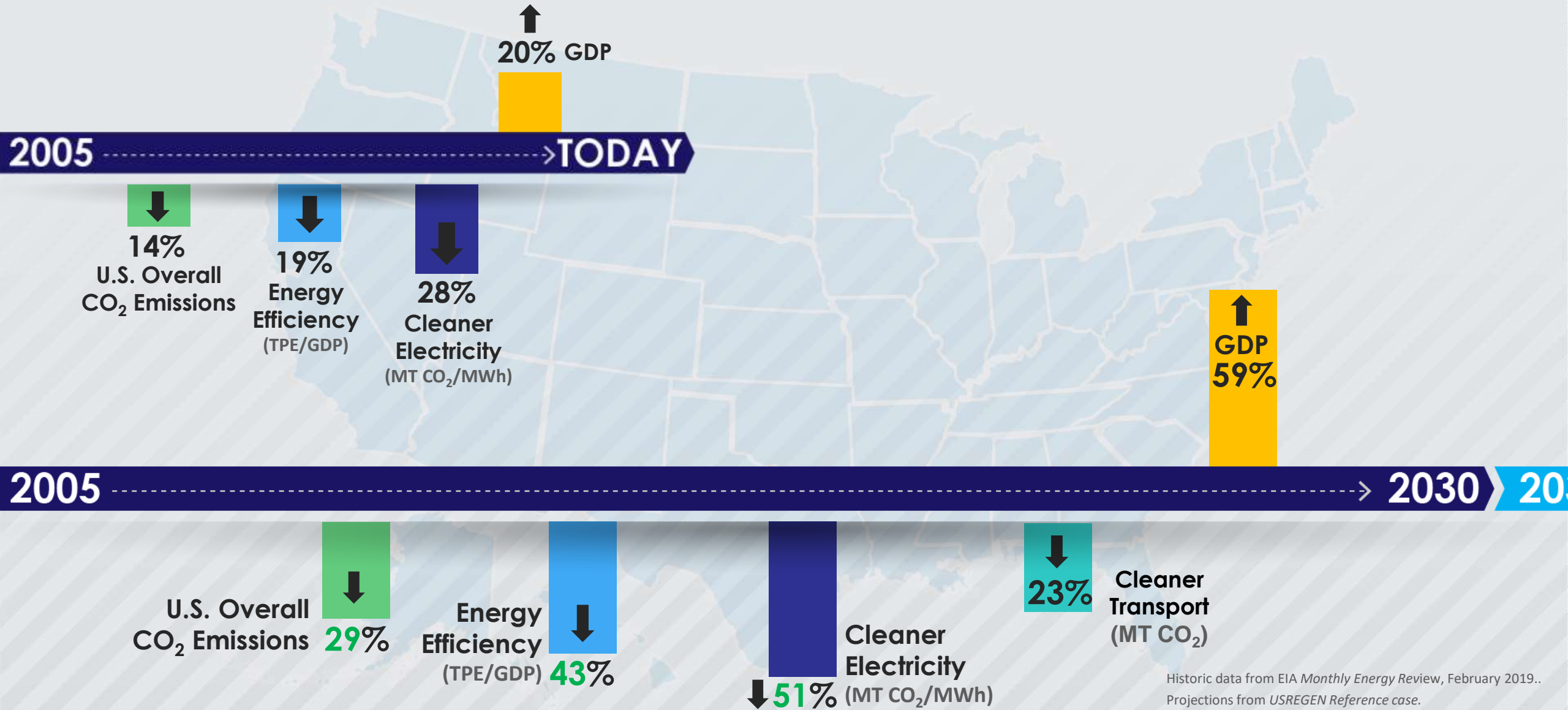
Natural Gas Use in US



Petroleum Use in US

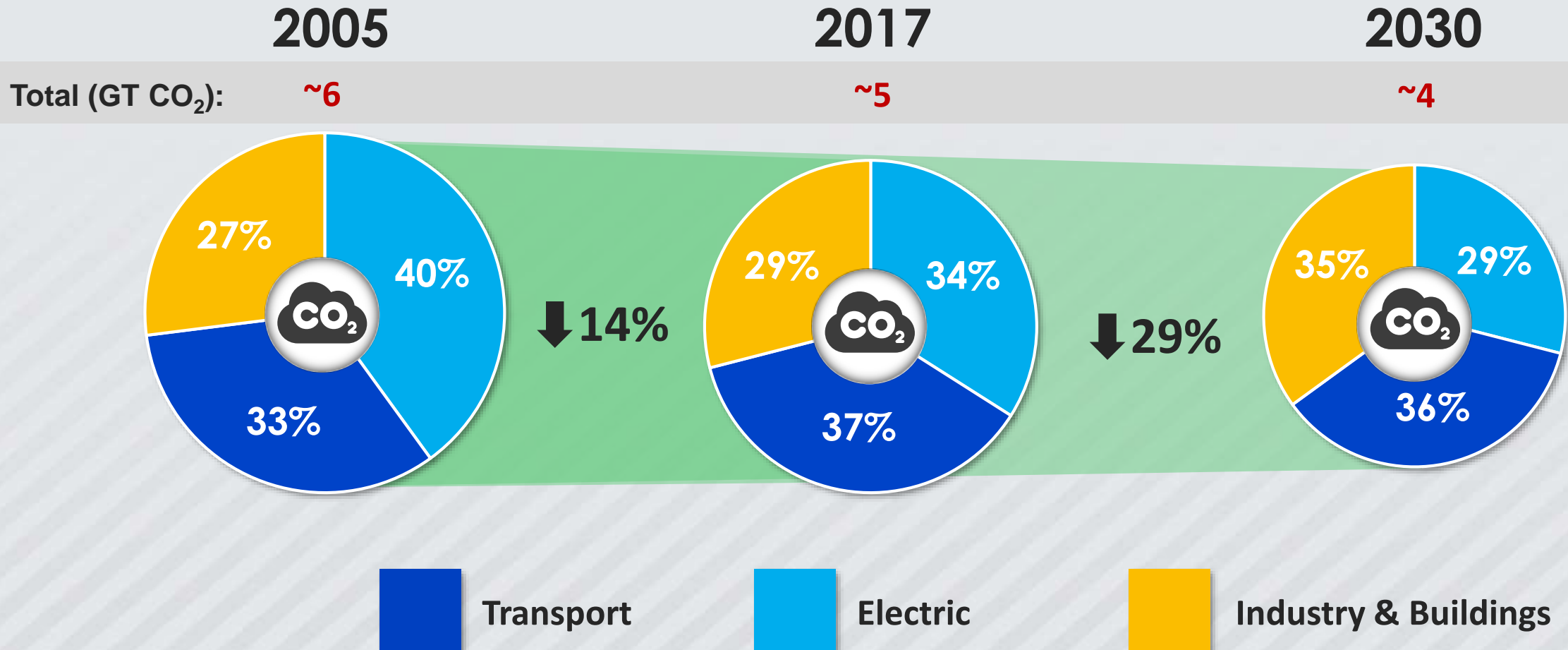


Pathway to 2X: Efficiency, Clean Generation & Electrification



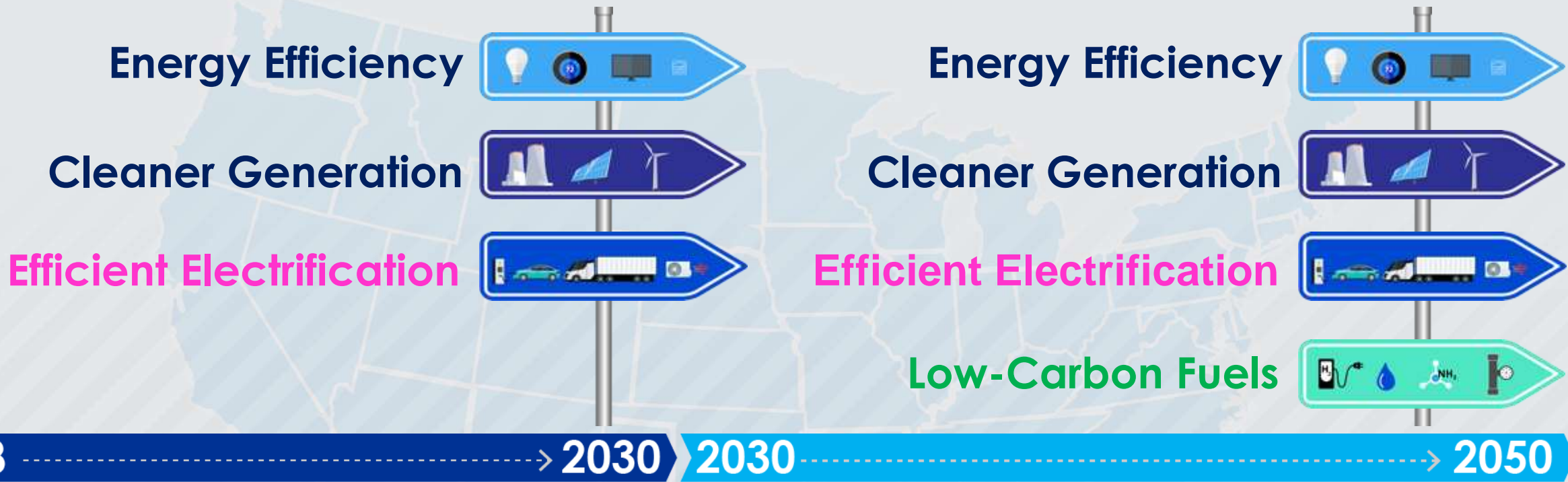
6-5-4-1: How do we get to 1GT CO2 Emission by 2050?

CO₂ Emissions by Sector¹



¹ Historic data from EIA *Monthly Energy Review*, February 2019. Projections from USREGEN working reference case.

Beyond 2030



↓29%
U.S. Energy
CO₂ Emissions

↓>80%
U.S. Energy
CO₂ Emissions



Together...Shaping the Future of Electricity